

INTENSE PULSE LIGHT (IPL) PATIENT INFORMATION

DEFINITIONS OF PRIMARY CONDITIONS THAT CAN BE TREATED WITH INTENSE PULSE LIGHT THERAPY

Erythema of Rosacea	Erythema of rosacea is an inflammatory redness of the skin. Rosacea symptoms include facial redness across the nose, cheeks, chin and forehead, visibly dilated blood vessels and/or red inflammatory papules and pustules. Symptoms of Rosacea develop gradually as mild episodes of facial blushing or flushing which, over time, may lead to a permanently red face.
Telangiectasia	Small dilated or broken segments of blood vessel visible through the epidermis, including small terminal segments or clustered patterns known as "Spider Telangiectasia."
Hyperpigmentation	Hyperpigmentation is a common, usually harmless condition in which patches of skin become darker in color than normal surrounding skin, usually when excess melanin forms deposits in the skin. Often the hyperpigmentation is in patches of lentigos or sun-induced freckles.
Melasma	Melasma is a form of diffuse, symmetrical hyperpigmentation on the face that appears most often as a result of hormonal changes such as during pregnancy or from birth control pills.
Poikiloderma	A variegated hyperpigmentation and telangiectasia of the skin followed by atrophy.
Telangiectasias/Age Spots (Mild)	Telangiectasias are small dilated or broken segments of a blood vessel visible through the epidermis. Age spots include lentingines (small round dark macules, frequently sun related), ephelides (freckles) and hyperpigmented patches. These conditions may be the result of skin aging, and/or solar or environmental effects.
Telangiectasias/Age Spots (Severe)	The above described condition to a more serious degree.
Telangiectasias/Age Spots (Non-Facial)	The above described condition on the neck, chest and hands, arms or other non-facial areas.